## **Difficulty Walking and Falls**

## Review with PCP

- 100. Review and confirm diagnoses and potential contributing causes of osteoporosis and fracture risk: immobility, hypogonadotropic hypogonadism, growth hormone deficiency, Turner's syndrome, post-menopausal, restrictive dietary intake.
- 101. Review and confirm medications which contribute to osteoporosis: thyroid medications, corticosteroids, antipsychotics and antiepileptics. Consider calcium and vitamin D supplementation in those with risks.
- Review presence of absence of a minimum exposure to sunlight of a few hours per 102. week. Those without sun exposure need Vitamin D supplementation. Evaluate and treat for potential causes of difficulty walking and/or falls (detailed 103. history and cardiovascular, neurologic, and musculoskeletal exam). 104. Further evaluate cardiopulmonary status due to patient complaint of DOE. 109. Other: \_\_\_\_\_. 120. Consider discontinuing the following medication that can contribute to difficulty walking and/or falls: sedatives/hypnotics. Optimize pain management to allow for ambulation and exercises. 121. 122. Consider treatment and/or prevention for osteoporosis in those with risk. 139. Other: \_\_\_\_\_. 140. Consider gait analysis by physical therapy, if history of falls, stumbles or gait difficulties. 141. Consider Podiatry Consult for foot problems. 149. Other: \_\_\_\_\_. **Routine Team Interventions** 200. Monitor orthostatic vital signs. 209. Other: 220. Recommend no alcohol or unassisted ambulation while on sedating medications. 221. Recommend exercise program for balance, strengthening and endurance. 222. Recommend regular walking program, with supervision as needed. 223. Recommend changing footwear in individuals with balance and gait difficulties to a type that is supportive with a low heel. Assist patient in obtaining assistive devices as recommended by gait analysis. 224. 225. 240. Provide education and materials on falls and falls prevention. 241. Provide patient education materials on exercise.
- 241. Provide patient education materials on exercise.
- 242. Provide patient education materials on foot care.
- 243. Provide home safety checklist.
- 244. Provide education and information on weight loss strategies including healthy diet and exercise.
- 249. Other: \_\_\_\_\_.

H Mogul. Preventing fractures among people with developmental disabilities. West J Med. 1999 August; 171(2): 77–78.

Lohiya GS. Crinella FM. Tan-Figueroa L. Caires S. Lohiya S. Fracture epidemiology and control in a developmental center. Western Journal of Medicine. 170(4):203-9, 1999 Apr